STUDIO DICTIONARY

Words often used while the studio is in session

The Track: The song/ The piece of music Tracks: Individual parts of a song. e.g. Kick Drum, Snare, Bass, Vocal The Board: The Console/ Mixing Desk Solo: To isolate a single part (Track) of the song Mute: To cut the track, stop it from playing through the speakers Cut: To mute the track The Cut: To master a song to vinyl Split the Difference: When deciding between two different levels Print: When committing a recording to tape/ audio track Bounce: To commit the final mix to a stereo track, e.g. Wav File/ Master Tape From the Top: Start the song again Overdubs: Recordings made after the initial session (Additional days) BV's: Backing Vocals Vox: Vocals Mike: Microphone Sub: Bass that is below 80Hz in frequency (Sub Bass) Monitor Mix: End of the session rough mix down The Mix: Final mixed down version of the recording/ song Scratch Track: A rough version of a recording Guide: An example or version of an idea to be recorded later Dub Mix: An alternative version of a finished song/ mix (Usually Longer) Radio Edit: A version of the song edited for radio airplay (Usually under 03:15 in length) Dub Version: A version of the original song with feedback delays on various parts of the song

(Reference: King Tubby Meets Rockers Up town)

Stems: Each individual part (Track) of the song bounced as a file from bar 1 - the end of the song (For sending to be worked on by other studio/ producer/ mixer)

Input: To record ready a track, or to be able to play along to the song without recording

Talkback: A microphone and channel on the desk set up to mute and unmute to enable you to talk to someone (Singer/ Musician in other room)

Live Room: The room in a studio where you set up the Band/ Singer/ Instruments

Control Room: The room in a studio where you will find the Mixing Console/ Engineer

Engine Room: The room in a studio where you will find the Tape Machine/ Computers/ Noisy Machines/ Equipment

Beat Chart: Mathematical chart with delay times in tempo order/ so delays play in time with the track

Tempo: *The speed of the song*

BPM: Beats Per Minute/ The speed of the track

The Monitors: The Speakers

In Sync: That parts of a song/ tracks are in time with each other regardless of quantise grid spacing

Sliders: Faders on the board/ mixing desk

Faders: Volume/ Sliders of a track on the mixing desk/ board e.g. track 1 - 24, 48 and so on.